

Betanal Forte
Version 4 / NZ
Revision Date: 14.04.2022

102000000595 Print Date: 14.04.2022

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade nameBetanal Forte **Product code (UVP)**05942888

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use Herbicide EPA-Nr. HSR007865

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Bayer New Zealand Limited

Crop Science Division B:HIVE Building 74 Taharoto Rd Smales Farm Takapuna Auckland, 0622 New Zealand

Telephone 0800 428 246

Telefax (09) 441 8645

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

Emergency Number 0800 734 607 (24hr)

Global Incident Response

Hotline (24h)

+1 (760) 476-3964 (Company 3E for Bayer AG, Crop Science Division)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2020 as amended

STOT RE 2

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aquatic Chronic 1

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazardous to soil organisms

H422 Toxic to the soil environment.



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2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2020 as amended

Hazard label for supply/use required.





Signal word: Warning Hazard statements

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H422 Toxic to the soil environment.

Precautionary statements

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

2.3 Other hazards

No additional hazards known beside those mentioned.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

Emulsifiable concentrate (EC)

Phenmedipham/Desmedipham 160:160 g/l

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Conc. [%]
Phenmedipham	13684-63-4	15.53
Desmedipham	13684-56-5	15.53
Tributyl phenol polyglycol ether	9046-09-7	> 2.50 - < 25.00
Phenol ethoxylate phosphate ester	39464-70-5	> 1.00 - < 5.00
iso-Tridecyl alcohol, ethoxylated, phosphated	73038-25-2	> 1.00 - < 5.00
Reaction mass of N,N-Dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-Dimethyloctanamide		> 25

Further information

Phenmedipham	13684-63-4	M-Factor: 1 (acute)

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures



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General advice Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable

position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately

and dispose of safely.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or

poison control center immediately.

Skin contact Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with

polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. Call a physician

or poison control center immediately.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at

least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a physician or poison control

center immediately.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison

control center immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms lethargy

May cause respiratory tract irritation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Risks This product, although being a carbamate, is NOT a cholinesterase

inhibitor.

Treatment Treat symptomatically. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be

considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always advisable. There is no specific antidote. Forced

alkaline diuresis and hemodialysis may be considered.

Contact the National Poisons and Hazardous Chemicals Information center in Dunedin, PO Box 913,

Dunedin. Phone 0800 POISON (0800 764 766).

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon

dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or

mixture

In the event of fire the following may be released:, Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide (CO), Oxides of phosphorus,

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event

of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from

fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.



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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Precautions Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use

personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental

precautions

Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning upSoak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid

binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Keep in

suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other

sections

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.

Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.

Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes

separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly

before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be

destroyed (burnt).

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Protect from freezing. Keep away from direct sunlight.

Advice on common storage Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Suitable materials HDPE (high density polyethylene)

Black mild steel sheet with interior coating

7.3 Specific end use(s) Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis



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Phenmedipham	13684-63-4	1.5 mg/m3 (TWA)	OES BCS*
Desmedipham	13684-56-5	1.2 mg/m3 (TWA)	OES BCS*

^{*}OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection

If product is handled while not enclosed, and if contact may occur: Wear respirator with an organic vapours and gas filter mask (protection factor 10) conforming to EN140 type A or equivalent. Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating,

drinking, smoking or using the toilet. Material Nitrile rubber Rate of permeability > 480 min $> 0.4 \, \text{mm}$ Glove thickness Protective index Class 6

Directive Protective gloves complying with EN

374.

Eye protection

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

Skin and body protection

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit.

If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective

type suit.

Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and

should be professionally laundered frequently.

If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully

remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Liquid, clear to slightly turbid Form



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Colour tan

Odour aromatic

Odour Threshold No data available

pH 1.8 - 3.0 (10 %) (23 °C) (deionized water)

Melting point/rangeNo data availableBoiling PointNo data available

Flash point > 100 °C

Flammability No data available

Auto-ignition temperature 400 °C

Minimum ignition energy No data available
Self-accelarating No data available

decomposition temperature

(SADT)

Upper explosion limitNo data availableLower explosion limitNo data availableVapour pressureNo data availableEvaporation rateNo data availableRelative vapour densityNo data availableRelative densityNo data available

Density ca. $1.03 \text{ g/cm}^3 (20 \text{ °C})$

Water solubility emulsifiable

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Phenmedipham: log Pow: 3.59

Desmedipham: log Pow: 3.39

Viscosity, dynamic No data available

Viscosity, kinematic 122 mm²/s (40 °C) Shear rate of 20/sec

Surface tension 32.6 mN/m (25 °C)

Determined in the undiluted form.

Oxidizing properties No data available Explosivity Not explosive

9.2 Other information Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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10.1 Reactivity



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10.2 Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility ofNo hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to

hazardous reactions prescribed instructions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials Store only in the original container.

10.6 Hazardous No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

Stable under normal conditions.

decomposition products

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 (Rat) > 2.14 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h

Determined in the form of a respirable aerosol.

Highest attainable concentration. Irritating to respiratory system.

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 (Rat) > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Slight irritant effect - does not require labelling. (Rabbit)
Serious eye damage/eye Slight irritant effect - does not require labelling. (Rabbit)

irritation

Respiratory or skin Non-sensitizing. (Guinea pig)

sensitisation OECD Test Guideline 406, Buehler test
Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

Phenmedipham: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Phenmedipham: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Desmedipham: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Phenmedipham caused haemolytic anaemia, methaemoglobinaemia in animal studies. The observed effects do not appear to be relevant for humans.

Desmedipham caused methaemoglobinaemia, haemolytic anaemia in animal studies. The observed effects do not appear to be relevant for humans.

Assessment mutagenicity

Phenmedipham was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Desmedipham was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Assessment carcinogenicity

Phenmedipham was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.



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Desmedipham was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Phenmedipham caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Phenmedipham is related to parental toxicity.

Desmedipham caused a reduced litter size and a reduced pup weight. The reproduction toxicity seen with Desmedipham is related to parental toxicity.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Phenmedipham caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. Phenmedipham caused a delayed ossification of foetuses. The developmental effects seen with Phenmedipham are related to maternal toxicity.

Desmedipham caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. Desmedipham caused a delayed ossification of foetuses, an increased incidence of variations. The developmental effects seen with Desmedipham are related to maternal toxicity.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 8.6 mg/l

static test: Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to aquatic

invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 3.67 mg/l static test; Exposure

time: 48 h

Chronic toxicity to aquatic

invertebrates

NOEC (Daphnia (water flea)): 0.01 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient desmedipham.

Toxicity to aquatic plants IC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 8.79 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

IC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) 13.2 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 7 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Phenmedipham:

Not rapidly biodegradable

Desmedipham:

Not rapidly biodegradable

Koc Phenmedipham: Koc: 888

Desmedipham: Koc: > 5000

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Phenmedipham: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 165

Does not bioaccumulate.

Desmedipham: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 157

Does not bioaccumulate.



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12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil Phenmedipham: Slightly mobile in soils

Desmedipham: Immobile in soil

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment Phenmedipham: This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Desmedipham: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological

information

No other effects to be mentioned.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product Dispose of this product only by using according to the label, or at an

approved landfill or other approved facility.

Contaminated packaging Triple rinse containers. Recycle if possible. If allowed under local

authority, burn if circumstances, especially wind direction permit, otherwise crush and bury in an approved local authority facility. Do not

use container for any other purpose.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This transportation information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory information relating to this product. It does not address regulatory variations due to package size or special transportation requirements.

ADR/RID/ADN

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(PHENMEDIPHAM, DESMEDIPHAM SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

9 14.4 Packaging Group Ш

14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES Hazchem Code 3Z

IMDG

14.1 UN number 3082

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, 14.2 Proper shipping name

N.O.S.

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(PHENMEDIPHAM, DESMEDIPHAM SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

14.4 Packaging Group Ш 14.5 Marine pollutant YES



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IATA

14.1 UN number **3082**

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID.

N.O.S.

(PHENMEDIPHAM, DESMEDIPHAM SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
14.4 Packaging Group
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark
YES

14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Further information

HSNO approval-Nr. HSR007865

HSNO Controls See www.epa.govt.nz

ACVM Reg. P7688

ACVM Condition See www.foodsafety.govt.nz

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

ATE Acute toxicity estimate

CAS-Nr. Chemical Abstracts Service number

Conc. Concentration

ECx Effective concentration to x %

EINECS European inventory of existing commercial substances

ELINCS European list of notified chemical substances

EN European Standard EU European Union

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)

ICx Inhibition concentration to x %

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LCx Lethal concentration to x %

LDx Lethal dose to x %

LOEC/LOEL Lowest observed effect concentration/level



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MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships

N.O.S. Not otherwise specified

NOEC/NOEL No observed effect concentration/level

OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

TWA Time weighted average

UN United Nations

WHO World health organisation

The data given here is based on current knowledge and experience. The purpose of this Safety Data Sheet is to describe products in terms of their safety requirements. The above details do not imply any guarantee concerning composition, properties or performance of the product.

Reason for Revision: The following sections have been revised: Section 2: Hazards

Identification. Section 4: First Aid Measures. Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures. Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties. Section 15:

Regulatory information. Section 16: Other Information.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.